



Board of Directors Meeting

Thursday, June 6, 2019
2:00 p.m.

I. Welcome & Roll Call

II. General Public Comment

III. Consent Agenda

Item 1

Approve Minutes from May 2, 2019 Board of
Directors Meeting

Item 2

Authorize the Executive Director to Execute an Amended and Restated Task Order No. 3 between CPA and The Energy Authority (TEA) for Power Procurement and Advisory Services

Item 3

Approve Policy No. 10 Regarding Vendor
Communications

Item 4

Appoint One Member to the Community Advisory Committee for 2019-2020 Representing Unincorporated Los Angeles County and Remove One Member Representing the South Bay

Item 5

Receive and file report from the Community
Advisory Committee May 9, 2019 Meeting

IV. Closed Session

Closed Session

CONFERENCE WITH LEGAL COUNSEL –
ANTICIPATED LITIGATION

Initiation of litigation pursuant to paragraph (4) of
subdivision (d) of Government Code Section
54956.9: (1)

V. Regular Agenda

Item 6

Adopt Resolution No. 19-06-010 to Approve 2019 Rates for Phases 1 & 2 Non-Residential Customers, Resolution No. 19-06-011 to Approve 2019 Rates for Non-Residential Customers (Phase 4), and Resolution No. 19-06-012 to Approve 2019 Rates for Phase 3 Residential Customers

June 2019 Rate Adjustments

SCE 2019 rate changes to date

- January: Initial 2019 rate adjustments
- March: TOU period changes; revenue allocation changes
- April: ERRA “Trigger” \$825 million charge
- June: 2019 ERRA and PCIA change (typically happens in January)

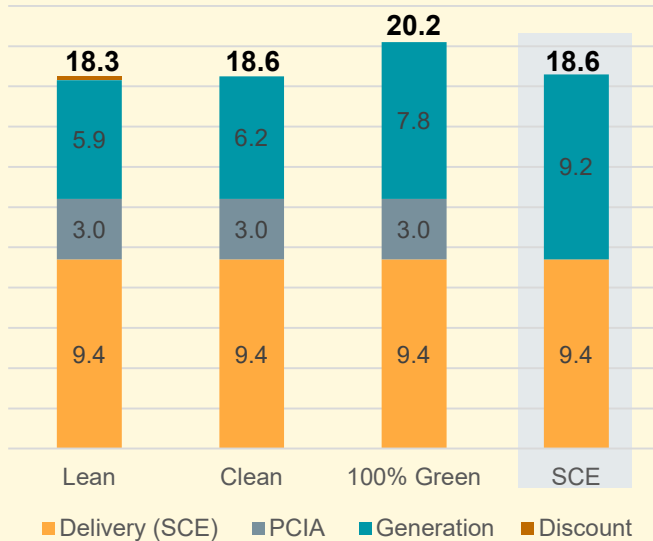
June Rate Changes

- On June 1, SCE implemented its 2019 ERRA revenue requirement
 - This rate change includes new generation rates that would normally take effect in January, but were delayed due to the ERRA trigger proceeding
 - Also includes changes to the PCIA reflecting 2019 costs and new methodology adopted last year
- The implementation of SCE's June rate change resulted in an increase of approximately 3.4% to the average total rates paid by SCE bundled customers
- CPA had always intended to adjust its rates with the ERRA implementation in order to cover costs and stay within Board approved bill comparison ranges

Today's Rate Adjustment – 99% of customer base

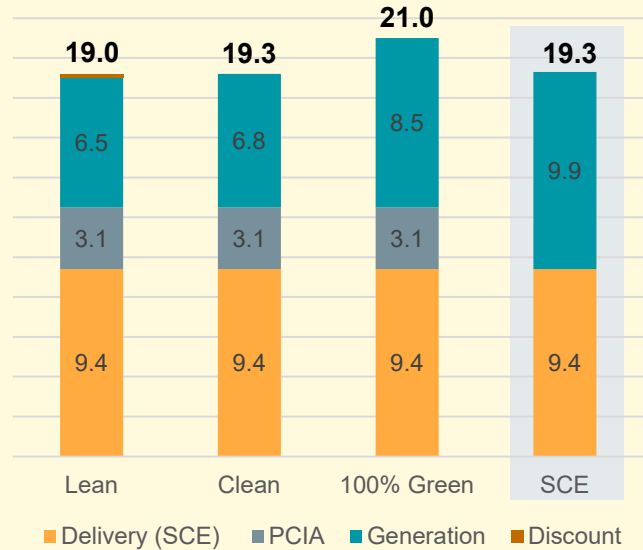
Rates Approved April 4th

DOMESTIC Rate (cents/kWh)



Today's Proposed Rates

DOMESTIC Rates (cents/kWh)

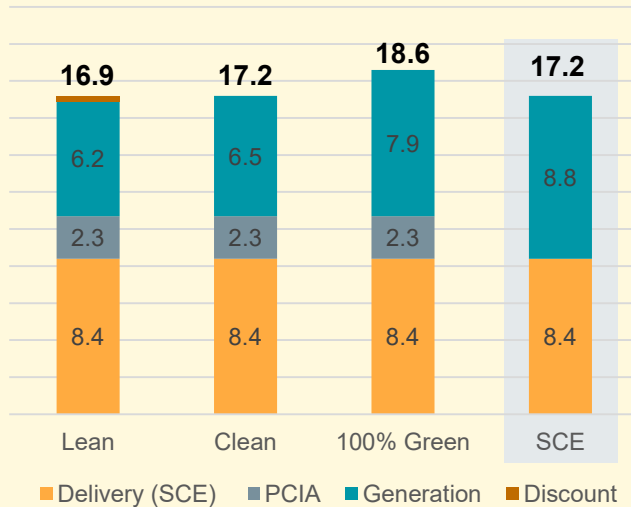


DOMESTIC is the most common residential rate.

Today's Rate Adjustment – 99% of customer base

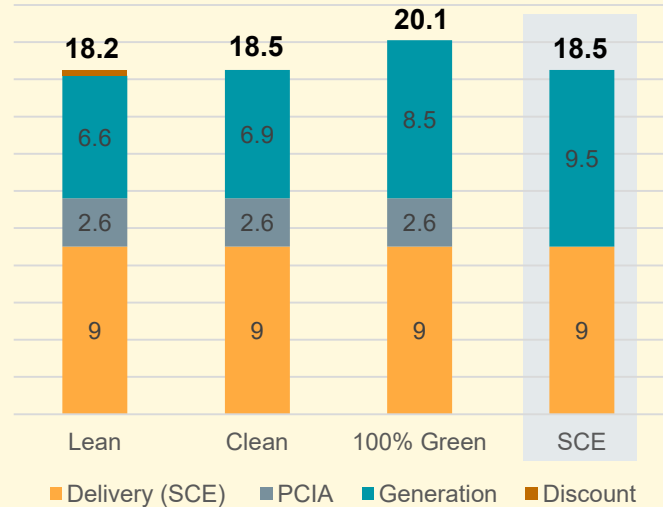
Rate Approved April 4
(Phase 4)

TOU-GS-1-E Rate (cents/kWh)



Today's Proposed Rates

TOU-GS-1-E Rate (Cents/kWh)



TOU-GS-1-E is the most common commercial rate.

Demand Response Rate Pilot

CPA staff is also proposing new commercial demand response rates

- These rates are being proposed in order to administer a 5-month “Peak Management Program” pilot
- Similar to the SCE Critical Peak Pricing rate
 - Participating commercial customers receive an incentive in the form of credits to offset their summer on-peak demand charges.
 - During peak energy “events” CPA applies a per kWh surcharge to customer bills. Events coincide with the peak period (4pm – 9pm)
 - Several member agencies have expressed interest in this pilot
- Staff will evaluate customer responsiveness during events, revenue impacts, and customer experience – incorporate lessons learned for a broader program in 2020

“Subset” Customer Rate Adjustments

- Proposed rates today for large Phase 4 customers in the TOU-8, TOU-GS-3, TOU-PA-2, and TOU-PA-3 rate classes are based on CPA’s costs to serve them, rather than mirroring SCE rates
 - This “subset” group represents less than 1% of CPA’s customers
- Setting rates based on CPA’s cost of service would cause customer bills to fall outside of the previously approved rate comparison ranges
 - Customer bills for these customers would fall outside of the previously approved bill comparison ranges during the winter months (Jan–May and October–December) when energy rates are lowest
 - The previously approved ranges would remain intact during the summer months (June–September) when energy rates are highest

Cost of Service Ratemaking

- SCE's rates effectively result in cross-subsidization between customer types and within its territory to meet its revenue requirements
- Matching SCE's new rates for certain customer types will result in CPA residential and small business customers subsidizing large commercial and agricultural/pumping customers and create a revenue shortfall for CPA
 - For large energy users in SCE's territory, customers in hot climate zones may subsidize customers in temperate areas
 - CPA's largest customers are concentrated in temperate areas so rates that work for SCE don't always collect enough revenue for CPA
 - Exact cross-subsidies in SCE rates are hard to determine because SCE does not perform bottom-up cost of service analysis like CPA
- Transitioning to cost of service rates allows us to begin "decoupling" from SCE rates as the Board has encouraged and other CCAs are considering

Reasons for Subset Customer Rate Adjustments

- CPA has followed SCE's rate changes over the course of 2019, which have included significant restructuring of rate design
 - SCE's new time of use periods, specifically a new winter super off-peak period, create disparate financial impacts for CPA given CPA's unique load profile and customer makeup
 - The new PCIA starting in June and changes to revenue allocation by rate class in March have combined to significantly distort the revenue collected from each rate group compared to previous years
 - The temporary PCIA increase due to the ERRA trigger has also reduced the amount of revenue CPA can collect from Phase 4 customers
- While CPA may have been to continue following SCE winter rates for subset customers if any one of these changes had occurred, the combined effect results in an unsustainable cross-subsidy

Proposed Bill Premiums for Subset Rate Customers

Rate Type	Summer Bill Premiums (approximate)			Winter Bill Premiums (approximate)			Total Annual Bill Premiums (approximate – based on average annual customer usage profiles)		
	Lean	Clean	100% Green	Lean	Clean	100% Green	Lean	Clean	100% Green
TOU-GS-3	-1%	0%	9%	16%	18%	19%	9%	10%	15%
TOU-PA-2	-1%	0%	9%	21%	24%	24%	10%	12%	19%
TOU-PA-3	-1%	0%	9%	32%	35%	37%	18%	21%	27%
TOU-8-SEC	-1%	0%	9%	19%	21%	23%	10%	12%	17%
TOU-8-PRI	-1%	0%	9%	23%	26%	27%	13%	15%	21%
TOU-8-SUB	-1%	0%	9%	26%	29%	32%	19%	22%	29%

Average Monthly Bill Comparison – TOU-GS-3

TOU-GS-3-D	SCE	CPA Lean Rate (36% Renewable)	CPA Clean Rate (50% Renewable)	CPA Green Rate (100% Renewable)
Generation Rate	\$0.07178	\$0.05870	\$0.06106	\$0.06761
SCE Delivery Rate	\$0.06185	\$0.05682	\$0.05682	\$0.05682
Surcharges	N/A	\$0.02964	\$0.02964	\$0.02964
Total Costs	\$0.13363	\$0.14515	\$0.14752	\$0.15407
Average Monthly Bill (\$)	\$11,995.54	\$13,030.07	\$13,242.19	\$13,830.42
Percentage Increase to SCE		9%	10%	15%

Based on average monthly usage of 89,767 kWh and average monthly demand of 179 kW

Lighting Rate Changes

In addition to the subset rate increase, CPA staff is also recommending an increase to rates dedicated for street and outdoor lighting Phase 4 customers

- SCE's streetlight rates are already low
- When SCE implemented the new PCIA on June 1, Phase 4 lighting rate classes saw an almost 89,600% increase in the PCIA
- This ERRA "Trigger" and new PCIA significantly reduce the amount of revenue CPA can collect from Phase 4 lighting customers
 - The rate CPA would need to charge to match SCE rates is lower than the average cost of brown power, excluding RA, RPS and overheads
- Matching SCE's new lighting rates would result in a significant revenue shortfall for CPA and cross-subsidy amongst CPA customers

Proposed Bill Premiums for Lighting Customers

Rate Type	Previous Bill Premiums (approximate)			New Bill Premiums, excluding SCE Fixture Charges (approximate)			Bill Impact, including SCE Fixture Charges* (approximate)		
	Lean	Clean	100% Green	Lean	Clean	100% Green	Lean	Clean	100% Green
LS-1	-1%	0%	9%	41%	45%	53%	12%	13%	15%
LS-2	-1%	0%	9%	44%	48%	57%	N/A	N/A	N/A
AL-2	-1%	0%	9%	16%	17%	20%	N/A	N/A	N/A

*Comparison based on common lamp type (High Pressure Sodium Vapor, 100 Watt)

- LS-1 applies to SCE-owned lighting and includes fixed per-lamp charges on the transmission and delivery portion of the bill
- LS-2 applies to customer-owned lighting and does not include fixed per-lamp charges

Customer Communications

- CPA staff has been proactively communicating to customers that would be affected by the proposed subset and lighting rate increases
- The goal is to promote transparency and give customers enough notice to make a choice without risk within their 60-day post enrollment period
 - Since the adjustment is only for winter rates, the increase would not take effect until October 1
 - The exception is lighting rates, which would become effective July 1
- Letters have already gone out to affected customers alerting them to the possibility of a rate increase, with another letter to go out following today's Board meeting with additional detail
- CPA staff has also been conducting direct outreach with many of these customers, focusing primarily on public agencies, school districts, and large key accounts
- Staff is focused on helping customers making informed decisions

Rate Setting – Now and in future

- This year's rate setting process has been unprecedented and is unlikely to be repeated in 2020
 - Numerous SCE rate changes were difficult for CPA to forecast ahead of time due to limited information
 - Accumulation of structural rate changes along with implementation of trigger due to SCE's 2018 power market losses resulted in a projected revenue shortfall if CPA continued to match SCE's rates for certain large Phase 4 customers
- CPA's approved rate ranges will remain intact for more than 99% of customers, including all residential and small business customers
- CPA intent is for this to be the last rate change of 2019
- Longer-term, the organizational goal is to get to one rate setting each year

Item 7

Approve Proposed Fiscal Year 2019/20 Budget

**CLEAN POWER ALLIANCE of SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
FY 2019/2020 BUDGET**

PROPOSED

	A	B	C	D	E
		FY 2018/19 Budget (Amended)	FY 2019/20 Budget	Change	% Change
1	Revenue - Electricity net	281,801,000	743,350,000	461,549,000	164%
2	Other revenue	10,000	10,000	-	0%
	TOTAL REVENUE	281,811,000	743,360,000	461,549,000	164%
3	Cost of energy	246,053,000	687,568,000	441,515,000	179%
	TOTAL ENERGY COSTS	246,053,000	687,568,000	441,515,000	179%
4	NET ENERGY REVENUE	35,758,000	55,792,000	20,034,000	56%

Note: Funds may not sum precisely due to rounding

	A	B	C	D	E
		FY 2018/19 Budget (Amended)	FY 2019/20 Budget	Change	% Change
	OPERATING EXPENSES				
5	Staffing	2,467,000	4,852,000	2,385,000	97%
6	Technical services	1,705,000	1,777,000	72,000	4%
7	Legal services	713,000	1,195,000	482,000	68%
8	Other services	410,000	539,000	129,000	31%
9	Communications & marketing services	433,000	349,000	(84,000)	-19%
10	Customer notices and mailing services	2,577,000	300,000	(2,277,000)	-88%
11	Data management services	5,020,000	11,930,000	6,910,000	138%
12	Service fees - SCE	1,226,000	2,215,000	989,000	81%
13	Local programs	-	1,450,000	1,450,000	
14	General and administration	609,000	757,000	148,000	24%
15	Occupancy	156,000	414,000	258,000	165%
16	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	15,316,000	25,778,000	10,462,000	68%

	A	B	C	D	E
		FY 2018/19 Budget (Amended)	FY 2019/20 Budget	Change	% Change
16	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	15,316,000	25,778,000	10,462,000	68%
17	OPERATING INCOME	20,442,000	30,014,000	9,572,000	47%
18	Finance and interest expense	279,000	588,000	309,000	111%
19	Depreciation	6,000	12,000	6,000	100%
20	TOTAL NON OPERATING EXPENSES	285,000	600,000	315,000	111%
21	Interest Income	69,000	849,000	780,000	1130%
22	TOTAL NON OPERATING REVENUE	69,000	849,000	780,000	1130%
23	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	20,226,000	30,263,000	10,037,000	50%
24	NET POSITION BEGINNING OF PERIOD	(2,676,840)	17,549,160	(2,676,840)	100%
25	NET POSITION END OF PERIOD	17,549,160	47,812,160	7,360,160	42%
27	Capital Outlay	22,500	574,000	552,000	2453%
28	Depreciation	(6,000)	(12,000)	(6,000)	100%
29	CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	20,209,500	29,677,000	9,479,000	47%
		Contribution to net			

CCA BUDGET COMPARISON TABLE

	A	B	C	D	E
	% of Expenses	CPA	CCA Average (1)	CPA vs Average	Lancaster Choice
1	Cost of energy	96.39%	91.78%	5%	84.46%
2	Data Management	1.67%	1.81%	-8%	n/a
3	IOU Fees	0.31%	0.53%	-42%	n/a
4	Employment	0.68%	2.33%	-71%	2.65%
5	Marketing & Promotions	0.09%	0.53%	-83%	0.47%
6	Legal & Policy	0.17%	0.38%	-56%	1.90%
7	Energy Programs	0.20%	2.03%	-90%	1.24%
8	Professional Services	0.32%	0.62%	-48%	6.87%
9	G&A	0.16%	0.60%	-73%	2.41%
10	Operating Expenses	3.61%	8.22%	-56%	15.54%
	% of Revenue				
11	Net energy revenue (2)	7.51%	18.53%	-60%	16%
12	Net Income (2)	4.04%	11.24%	-64%	0%

VI. Management Update

VII. Committee Chair Updates



Legislative & Regulatory Committee Chair

Finance Committee Chair

Energy Planning & Resources Committee Chair

VIII. Board Member Comments

IX. Report from the Chair

X. Adjourn

Board Retreat – June 28, 2019

Next Regular Meeting – July 18, 2019

